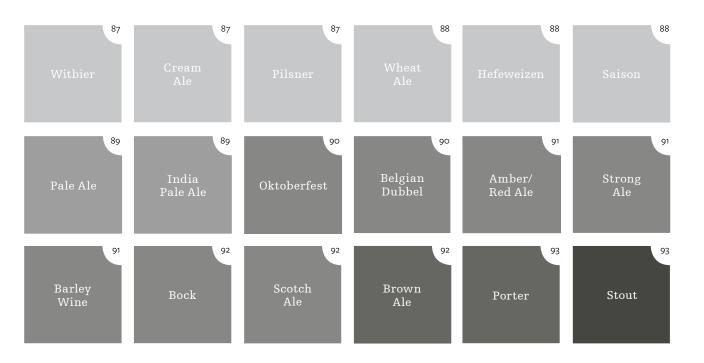
BEER STYLE GUIDE



WITBIER

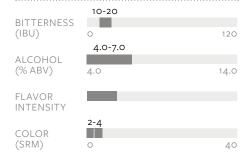
ORIGIN

Belgium

DESCRIPTION GLASSWARE



Unfiltered (and thus slightly hazy) wheat beer. Often spiced with orange and coriander. Tangy and sharp from the wheat and high carbonation.



PAIRINGS

Light seafood dishes, such as steamed mussels

CHEESE DESSERT Mascarpone or herb cheese

Banana orange crèpes, blood orange sorbet, panna cotta with lemon

CREAM ALE

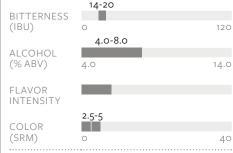
ORIGIN

United States

DESCRIPTION GLASSWARE



A variant of the traditional American pale lager style. Brewed as an ale, but with lager yeast added to finish fermentation. Crisp and clean-tasting.



PATRINGS

IAIMINGS	
FOOD	Lighter food: chicken, salads, salmon, bratwurst
CHEESE	Monterey jack (or similar light, nutty cheese)
DESSERT	Light apricot or mandarin cake, lemon custard tart

PILSNER

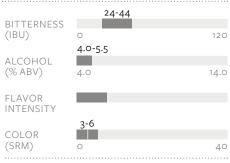
ORIGIN

Bohemia (Czech Republic) DESCRIPTION

GLASSWARE

Pilsner

Easily the world's most popular beer style. Pale, straw-colored and crisp with more hops than traditional lager, but typically smooth and clean.



PAIRINGS

FOOD	Lighter food: chicken, salads, salmon, bratwurst
CHEESE	Mild white Vermont cheddar
DESSERT	Light desserts: lemon shortbread, fresh berries with sabayon

WHEAT ALE

ORIGIN

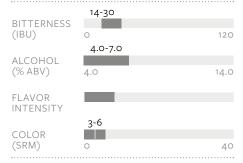
United States & Germany

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



Light-bodied, crisp, refreshing ale. The proportion of wheat is often greater than 50%, and the hop aroma and flavor can vary.



PAIRINGS

FOOD

Best with very light foods, such as salads, sushi, or vegetable dishes

CHEESE

Buffalo mozzarella or Wisconsin brick

DESSERT

Generally too light for dessert, but could pair with fresh berries

HEFEWEIZEN

ORIGIN

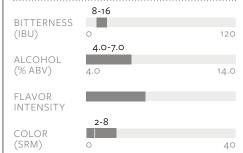
Germany

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



The most common German wheat beer, Hefeweizens are noted for low hop bitterness, high carbonation and a pale, hazy appearance.



PAIRINGS

FOOD

Lighter foods, such as salads, seafood, or sushi; weisswurst

CHEESE

Chèvre goat cheese, or herbed spread (e.g. Boursin)

DESSERT

Very light desserts: strawberry shortcake, fruit trifle, key lime pie

SAISON

ORIGIN

Wallonia (northern Belgium)

GLASSWARE

E DESCRIPTION



Pale, highly-carbonated, and super-dry farmhouse ale, defined by citrusy aromatics, peppery yeast, and a level of floral, earthy hoppiness.



PAIRINGS

FOOD

Roasted chicken, bouillabaise, arugula salad, pad thai

CHEESE

Camembert, Fontina, Asiago, Colby, Parmesan, Gorgonzola, Limburger

REFERENCE

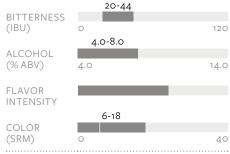
PALE ALE

ORIGIN GLASSWARE England

LASSWARE DESCRIPTION

Pint

"Pale" distinguishes this style from the dark color of Porters. Generally gold or copper colored, dry, and with crisp hop flavor.



PAIRINGS

DESSERT

FOOD Wide range of food; meat pies, hamburgers

CHEESE English, such as cheddar or Derby with sage

Pumpkin flan, maple bread

pudding, Bananas Foster

INDIA PALE ALE

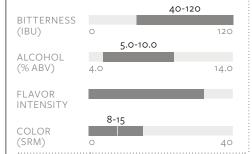
ORIGIN Er GLASSWARE DE

England

DESCRIPTION

Pint

Pale ale with more pronounced hop character and higher alcohol content. Originally brewed for the long journey to India.



PAIRINGS

FOOD Strong, spicy foods such as curry

CHEESE Milder blues, such as Gorgonzola or Cambozola

DESSERT Caramel apple tart, carrot/spice cake, persimmon rice pudding

VARIANTS

ENGLISH IPA

Less hop character and more pronounced malt flavor than American version

AMERICAN IPA

Decidedly hoppy and bitter, moderately strong Pale Ale using American ingredients

IMPERIAL IPA

An intensely hoppy, very strong pale ale. Clean, lacking harshness, and without deeper malt flavors

OKTOBERFEST

ORIGIN

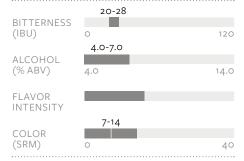
Germany

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



Märzen ("March") beer originally brewed in spring and stored in icy caves until the autumn celebrations. Malty sweetness, low hops.



PAIRINGS

CHEESE

DESSERT

Mexican or any hearty, spicy food; chicken, sausage, pork Spicy jalapeno jack

Mango or coconut flan, almond biscotti, spice cake with pine nuts

BELGIAN DUBBEL

ORIGIN

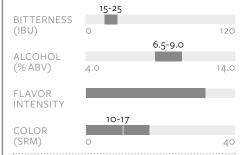
Belgium

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



Strong, malty beer with a notable fruitiness, fairly heavy body, and low bitterness. First brewed in 1856 by Trappist monks as a stronger brown beer.



PAIRINGS

FOOD Barbecue, meat stews, steak or rib roast

CHEESE Washed-rind abbey-type cheese or French Morbier

DESSERT Milk chocolate, butter truffles.

chocolate bread pudding

VARIANTS

TRIPEL

Like the dubbel, the modern tripel was popularized by the Westmalle monastery, and is similarly brewed with a good portion of beet sugar. Although in this case the sugar isn't caramelized, it still raises the alcohol level and lightens body, but doesn't impart significant color. Filled with apple, pear, citrus, or banana-like fruitiness, clove-like or peppery spice, and a drying but (ideally) subtle hit of alcohol on the finish. Tripels boast a lofty ABV of around 7-10%.

QUADRUPEL

Quadrupels are basically intensified versions of the dubbel—stronger in every way with identical ingredients producing more of the same flavors (concentrated plum, raisin, caramel, and pepper flavors alongside a noticeable alcoholic bite, as these beers can veer upwards of 12% ABV).

REFERENCE

AMBER/RED ALE

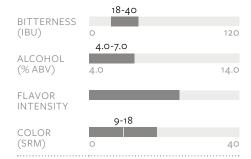
ORIGIN

United States

DESCRIPTION GLASSWARE

Pint

Named for their color. these styles have strong caramel flavor and low to mid-range hop bitterness, although American varieties can be hoppier.



PAIRINGS

Wide range of food; chicken, seafood, burgers, spicy cuisines Port-Salut or other lightly CHEESE

tangy cheese

Poached pears, banana pound DESSERT cake, pecan lace cookies

STRONG ALE

Belgium

GLASSWARE DESCRIPTION



Catch all style category for beers from 7.0% ABV and above. Characteristics will greatly vary; some have similarities to Barley Wines and Old Ales

	20-35	5	
BITTERNESS (IBU)	0		120
		7.0-10.0	
ALCOHOL			
(% ABV)	4.0		14.0
FLAVOR			
INTENSITY			
	3-22		
COLOR			
(SRM)	0		40

PAIRINGS

FOOD	Big, intense dishes like grilled or roast beef, lamb or game
CHEESE	Double Gloucester or other rich, moderately aged cheese
DESSERT	Spiced plum-walnut tart, canolli, toffee apple crisp

BARLEY WINE

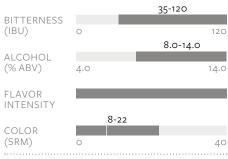
England

GLASSWARF

DESCRIPTION



A high level of alcohol, and can range in color from dark amber to nearly black. Strong fruit and toffee flavors are characteristic of the style.



PAIRINGS

FOOD Overpowers most main dishes Stilton (with walnuts) CHEESE DESSERT Rich, sweet desserts: chocolate hazelnut torte, toffee caramel cheesecake

BOCK

ORIGIN

Germany

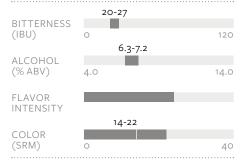
GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



Pilsner

This stronger lager is brewed in the fall to be enjoyed in the winter or spring. Heavy malt, medium to full bodied. and lightly hopped.



PAIRINGS

FOOD Roast pork, beef, smoked ham or game dishes Aged provolone or Spanish CHEESE manchego Tarte tatin, pine nut torta with DESSERT dried fruit, banana souflée

SCOTCH ALE

ORIGIN

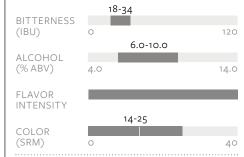
Scotland

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



Dark, bittersweet, and slightly smoky. Traditionally, caramelized malts are used to impart a toffee-like flavor. offsetting higher alcohol.



DATRINCS

LHIVINGS	
FOOD	Roasted or grilled beef, lamb, game, smoked salmon
CHEESE	Aged sharp cheese: Mizithra or Idiazabal
DESSERT	Toffee pudding, chocolate chip shortbread

BROWN ALE

ORIGIN

England

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION



Pint

An ale with deep amber/ brown color, caramel and chocolate flavors, and a slightly nutty taste. Historically brewed entirely with brown malt.



PAIRINGS

FOOD	Hearty foods: roast pork, smoked sausage, grilled salmon
CHEESE	Aged Gouda or a crumbly Cheshire
DESSERT	Almond or maple-walnut cake, pear fritters, cashew brittle

PORTER

ORIGIN

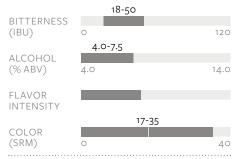
England

GLASSWARE

DESCRIPTION

Pint

Originating in 18-century London, Porter was traditionally a dark style of beer brewed using brown malt.



PAIRINGS

FOOD

Roasted or smoked food:
barbecue, sausages, roasted
meat, blackened fish

CHEESE

Cow milk such as Tilsit or Gruyère

DESSERT

Chocolate peanut butter cookies,
toasted cocount cookie bars

STOUT

GLASSWARE

ORIGIN

Ireland

DESCRIPTION

Pint

Thick, black, opaque and rich. Stouts draw their flavor and color from roasted barley, and taste of malt and caramel with little to no hop character.



PAIRINGS

FOOD Hearty, rich food: steak, meat pie, raw oysters

CHEESE Irish-type cheese, such as Dubliner cheddar

DESSERT Chocolate souflée, tiramisu,

mocha mascarpone mousse

VARIANTS

DRY STOUT

The distinguishing feature of this dark Irish beer is the use of roasted barley to produce a coffee-like dryness.

OATMEAL STOUT

Stout that is firm, smooth, and silky from the addition of oats to the mash. The smoothness comes from the high protein content, and the oats impart a unique sweetness.

IMPERIAL STOUT

A very strong stout brewed with large quantities of malt, including darker roasted malts. More hops are used in this style for their preservative qualities, and at 50-80 IBU, the hop bitterness is significant, coupled with bitterness from the dark roasted grains.